

Purpose of Brief



- Explain Why New Approaches to Implementation of Warfighting Capabilities are Necessary
- Define OA Concepts as Applicable to Integrated Warfighting Systems
- Describe the Approach Being Used to Create and Deploy OA Systems

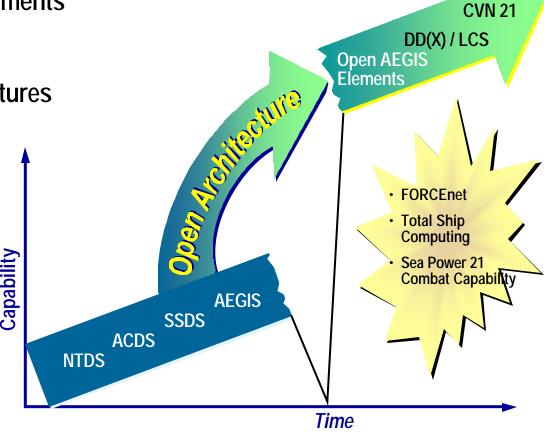
Why OA?



Enables Required Combat Capability

Current Computing Systems Cannot Support Emerging Sea Power 21
 Warfighting Capability Requirements

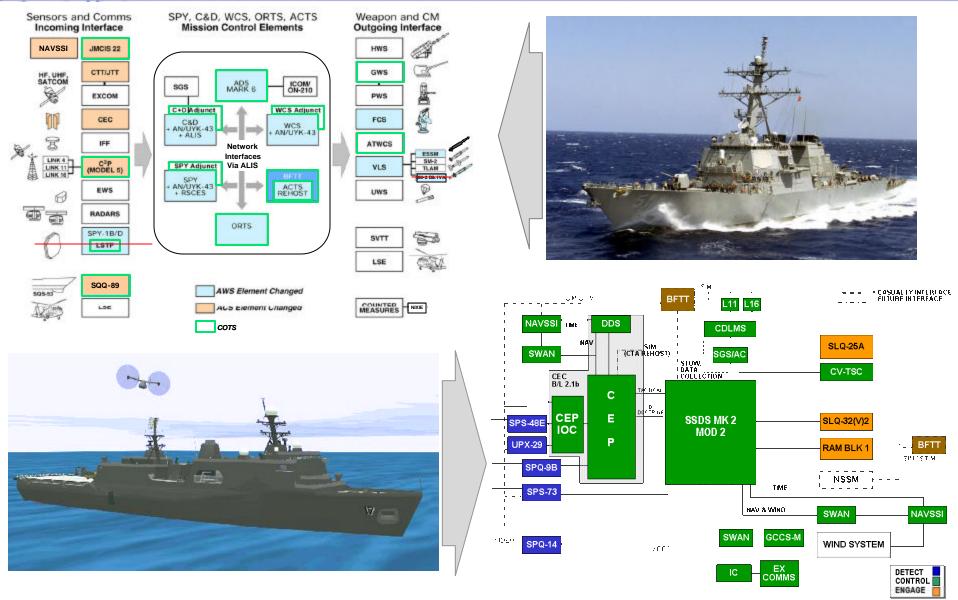
- Affordability
 - In-service Computing Architectures are Unaffordable
 - Each Ship Class Addresses
 Common Problems Uniquely
 - Software and Hardware Changes Are Interdependent
- Joint Interoperability
 - In-service Architectures can not Support Forcenet Implementation



Key to Affordable 21st Century Joint Combat Capability

Computing Environment of Today's Ships

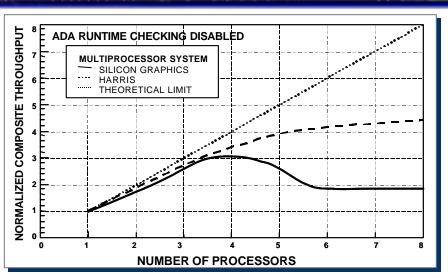


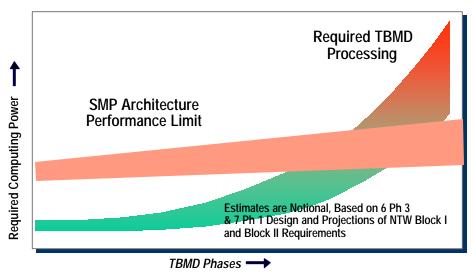


Increased Warfighting Capability



- Current Aegis
 Architecture Cannot
 Meet Processing
 Needed to Support
 TBMD Engagement
- OA Computing Plant Scaleable to Meet Increased Processing Demand





OA Enables "aND Ship" Capability

OA... The Way to a Solution



Surface Combatant Ship System



Common Computing **Environment** Common Surface Combatant Ship **Functions**

Surface Combatant Ship **Unique Functions** SCS System Unique & Common Applications & Interfaces

Aircraft System



Common **Computing Environment**

Common Aircraft Functions

Aircraft Unique **Functions**

ACFT System Unique & Common **Applications** & Interfaces

CVN Ship System



Common Computing **Environment**

Common CVN **Functions**

CVN Unique **Functions**

CV System Unique & Common Applications & Interfaces



Common Computing **Environment**

Common **Platform Functions**

+

Platform Unique Functions

Common Architecture

What is OA?



- A Technical Architecture... Mainstream Standards Based OA Computing Environment (OACE)
 - Middleware
 - Operating Systems
 - Computing Equipment
- A Functional Architecture...Technical Reference Model that Identifies Software Domains and Interface Relationships
 - Warfighting Applications
 - Common Service Applications
- Engineering and Design Standards

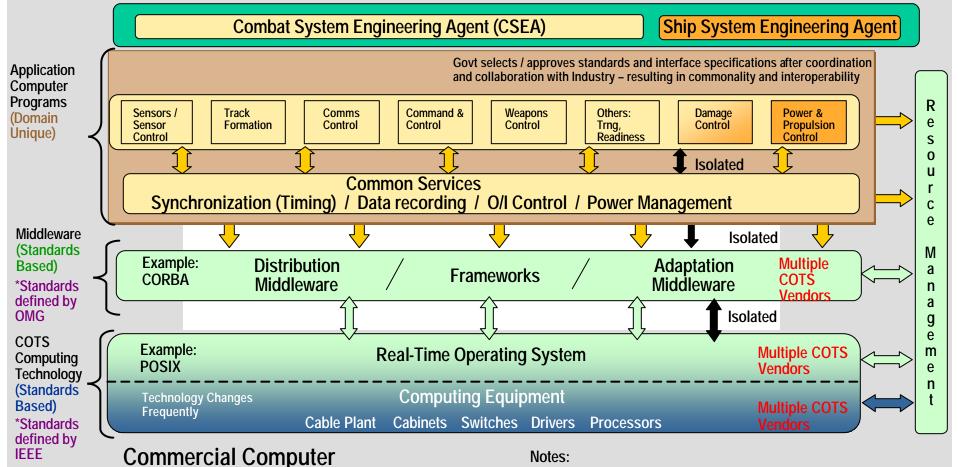
Key Open Computing System Characteristics

- Based on Open, Publicly Available Specifications
- Well-defined, Widely Used Non-proprietary (Standard) Interfaces
- Durable Component Interfaces
- Upgradeable

Foundation for 21st Century Combat System Designs

OA Technical Architecture





Notes:

- Govt defined common open standards for each layer
- Standards selection reached in collaboration with Industry
- Govt verify and enforce open standards

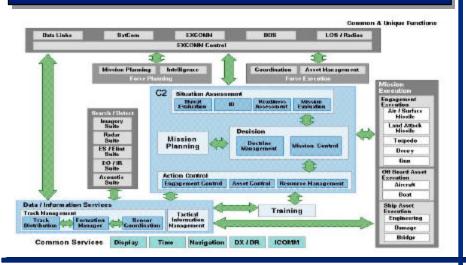
STANDARDS and MIDDLEWARE Isolate Applications From Technology Change

Industry Provided

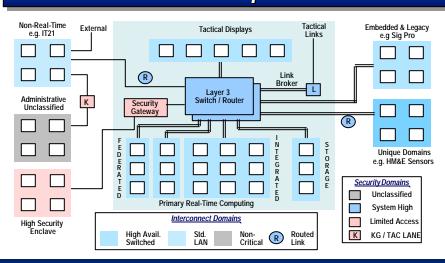
OA System Architecture Views



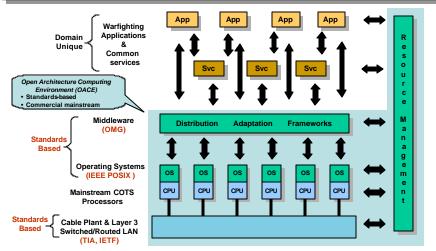
Functional View



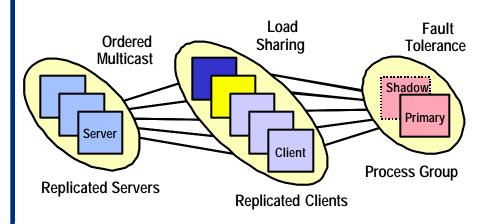
Network & Computer View



Operating System & Middleware View



Computer Program View

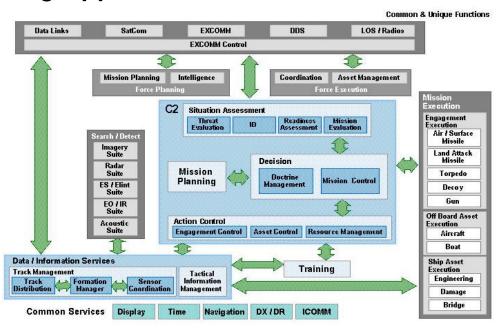


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OA Functional Architecture



- Translates System Requirements to Functional Requirements and Allocates Functions to Logical Groupings
- Provides Basis for Identifying Common Service Applications and Common and Unique Warfighting Applications
- Provides Standardization of Common Components (e.g. C2, ID, etc) and Critical Interfaces Across Systems
- Provides Standardization of Design Patterns and Data Models



Essential Enabler For Application Re-Use Across Platforms

OA Technical Architecture



Standards Based Computing Environment

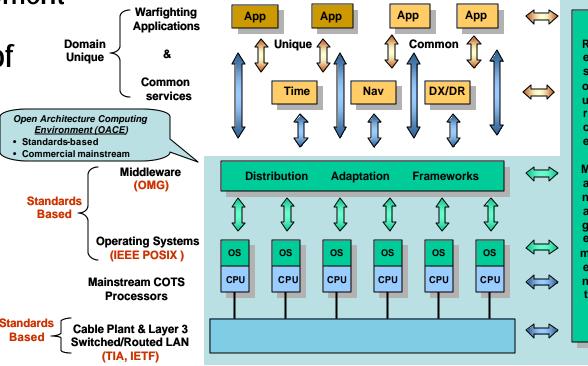
Includes Middleware, Operating System, Resource Management

and Computing Equipment

 Enables Decoupling of Software to Hardware

 Enables Affordable COTS Refresh and Technology Insertion

 Utilizes Commercial Mainstream Computing Products



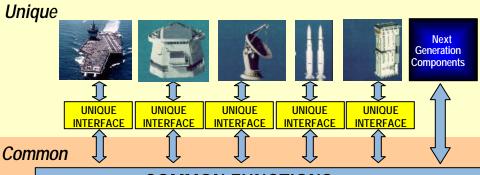
STANDARDS and MIDDLEWARE Isolate Applications From Technology Change

OA Platform and Process Concepts



Navy Controls

- Architecture
- Standards
- Specifications
- Interfaces



Industry Builds Unique Systems:

NAVY Controls Interfaces

COMMON FUNCTIONS
ACROSS ALL SHIP CLASSES



Open Architecture Computing Environment (Common Standards & Guidance)

Design

Guidance

Collaborate With Commercial Computing Industry For:

- Computing Standards
- Technology Base

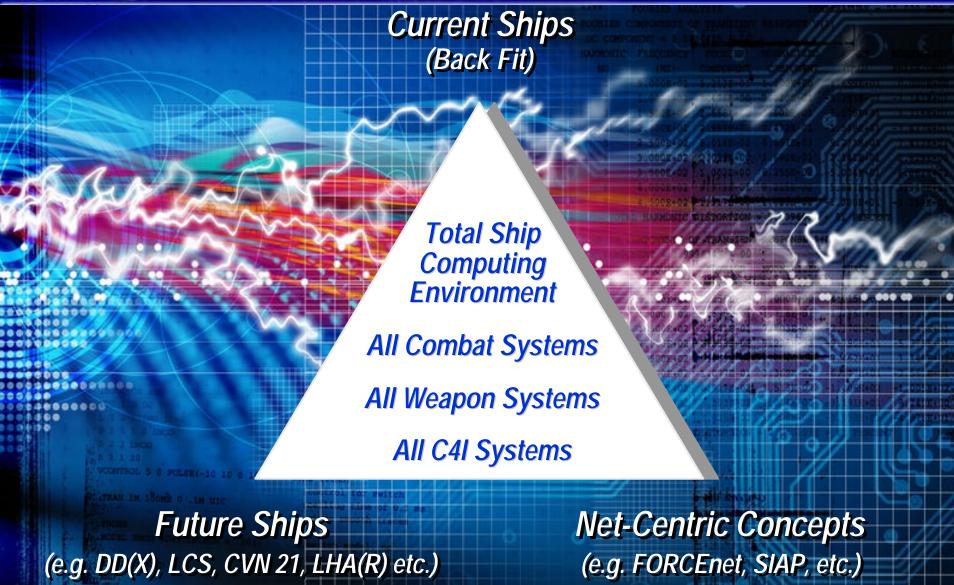
Collaborate With Defense Industry:

- Technical Architecture
- Functional Architecture
- Common Component Specifications for Industry to Build
- Interface Specification

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OA Strategy





Open Architecture Overview May 03

OA Implementation Strategy



- Freeze Computer Program Upgrades That Provide Only Marginal Warfighting Capability Enhancement
- Complete and Gain Consensus on OA Technical and Functional Architectures Scaleable for Navy-wide Applications
- Establish and Implement a Rapid Technology Insertion Program Process to Transition Promising Technologies to Certified Warfighting Products
- Mandate All New Systems Must Comply With OA Standards Specifications and Guidance
- Pursue Coordination and Agreements With Other Programs

OA Standards and Guidance



OPEN ARCHITECTURE COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT TECHNOLOGIES AND STANDARDS

Version 1.0 (Interim)

March 2003

OPEN ARCHITECTURE COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT **DESIGN GUIDANCE**

Version 1.0 (Interim)

10 March 2003

DRAFT RAPIDS RAPID APPLICATION INTEGRATION AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

DRAFT

OPEN ARCHITECTURE COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT DESIGN GUIDANCE (VERSION 1.0) AND OPEN ARCHITECTURE COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT TECHNOLOGIES AND STANDARDS (VERSION 1.0)

PEO C4I at edward.wunner@navy.mil, or (619) 524-7595, and all technical comments on RAPIDS to Andrew Cox at andrew.cox@navy.mil

5. Your support is greatly appreciated

BAUMAN A. B. HICKS

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

COMMANDER SPACE AND NAVAL WARFARE SYSTEMS COMMAND ICER COMMAND, CONTROL, COMMUNICATIONS, COMPUTERS, AND INTELLIGENCE AND SPACE 4301 PACIFIC HIGHWAY SAN DIEGO CA 92110-3127

PROGRAM EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR INTEGRATED WARFARE SYSTEMS (20378-2301)

ANDER FOR WARFARE SYSTEMS ENGINEERING (2017) AND

9000 9000 9000 Ser SPAWAR/150 Ser SEA 06/027 Ser IWS/084 Ser C4I and Space/098 20 Mar 2003 20 Mar 2003 20 Mar 2003 20 Mar 2003

JOINT LETTER

From: Commander, Space and Naval Warfare Systems Command Program Executive Officer for Integrated Warfare Systems Deputy Commander for Warfare Systems Engineering Program Executive Officer, C4I and Space

Subj: OPEN ARCHITECTURE COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT DESIGN GUIDANCE (VERSION 1.0) AND OPEN ARCHITECTURE COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT TECHNOLOGIES AND STANDARDS (VERSION 1.0)

Ref: (a DOD 4120.24M, DSP Policies and Procedures

Encl: (1) Open Architecture Computing Environment Design Guidance (Version 1.0)

- (2) Open Architecture Computing Environment Technologies and Standards Version 1.0)
- (3) Re-usable Application Integration and Development Standards (Version 1.5)

1. The Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Research, Development and Acquisition (ASN (RDA)) assigned the Program Executive Office for Integrated Warfare Systems (PEO IWS) with responsibility for coordinating the introduction of Open Architecture (OA) into the Navy's combat systems. Computing technology is a key part of the OA effort. Therefore, as part of the OA tasking, and based on significant research and testing, the Naval Surface Warfare Center Dahlgren Division (NSWCDD) developed two supporting documents relevant to computing for OA. The Open Architecture Computing Environment Design Guidance, Version 1.0 (Interim) document provides interim guidance concerning design aspects of the standards-based computing environment that is to be used in OA warfighting systems. A companion document, Open Architecture Computing Environment Technologies and Standards, Version 1.0 (Interim), provides an enumeration of the standards and product selection criteria that apply to the OA technology base. Taken

WG ENVIRONMENT DESIGN GUIDANCE CRITECTURE COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT S (VERSTON 1.0)

the the technical characteristics of systems in support of CA-based et of computing resources is called Environment (OACE). These neight into OACE capabilities and yet fully mature. Accordingly, they ew across the naval community for an eding with the formal procedure

utive Office for Command, Control, ntelligence and Space (PEO C41 and guidance for all applications within Application Integration and provides detailed programming s to a highly modular design that xtension of functional capabilities multiple enterprise architectural des specifications for delivery of elopment Web Environment (DEWE) to s and initiation of a limited open The PEO C41 design documentation s being disseminated for review.

and SPAWAR have made preliminary nts, and believe that they are design documents will serve as the ance across the combat system and ention of PEOs IWS and C4I, along erge these documents where practical romote commonality of implementation

ociaite achedule for programs r concurrence and/or comments on e requested by 15 May 2003. Please icy comments on DACE to CAPT Thomas treiTJ@nevses.nevy.mil or (202) 781ments to Mr. Michael W. Masters, ture Integrated Product Team (TA IPT at MastersMW@nswc.navy.mil. Please

direct all programmatic and policy comments on RAPIDS to Ed Wunner,

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OACE Migration Levels



| | | | The soul of the | | (C) |
|--|---|---|--|---|---|
| | <u>Level 1</u> Hardware Adapter | <u>Level 2</u> Adaptation Layer | Level 3 Port to OACE | <u>Level 4</u> OACE-Based & Redesigned | <u>Level 5</u> OACE-Based & Integrated |
| | Old App. Old H/W Old OS, M/W Interfaces, etc. Physical I/F Adapter Non-OACE Application Non-OACE Environment | Old App. Old M/W I/F OACE H/W & OS Adaptation Layer is "Wrapper" | App. Ported to OACE OS & Middleware OACE H/W No Change to Application Architecture Optionally, OA Services used e.g. Time, Nav, DX/DR, etc. | App. Runs on OACE H/W, OS, Middleware, Application Redesigned to Use OA Arch. Patterns, e.g. Fault tol., Scalability App. uses OA Common Services & Functions | App. Runs on OACE H / W, OS, Middleware, Apps are Location Transparent & Share Resources Apps Instrumented for Dynamic QoS * Dynamic Resource Management |
| | Hardware Adapter | Non-OACE Application Adaptation Layer | OACE-Based Application OA Services | OACE-Based Application OA Functions | OACE-Based Application OA Functions |
| | OACE-Based Applications | OACE | OACE | OACE | OACE |

^{*} Applications at any Level may be Started and Stopped Under DRM but Cannot be Fully Qos Managed Unless Instrumented

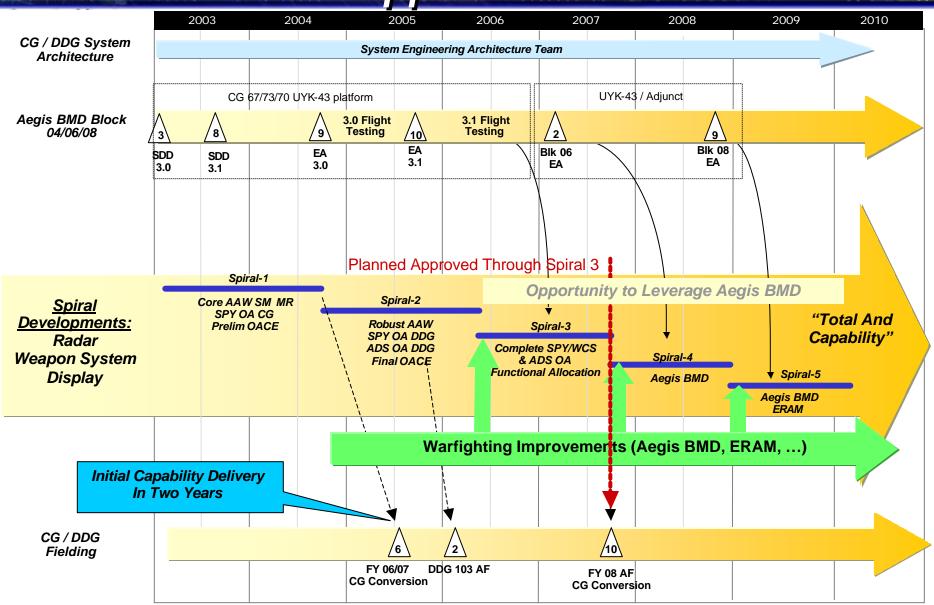
CG / DDG OA Introduction



- OA Introduction into AEGIS Fleet will Result in:
 - Certified SPY B / D in FY06 in 1st CG Conversion and Follow-on
 - Certified SPY D(V) and ADS OA in FY06 DDGs (D(V) Post Delivery ECP)
 - Certified SPY B / D, WCS and ADS in FY08 CG Conversion
- At-Sea Test and Land Based Demos in CY04
 - SPY OA Spiral 1 At-sea Test (Includes SPY OACE Host, Faster Boot Time, Message Passing S / W Architecture, ADIP / TCA)
 - WCS and ADS Spiral 1 Land Based Demos (Includes ADS Framework, WCS SM-2 MR)

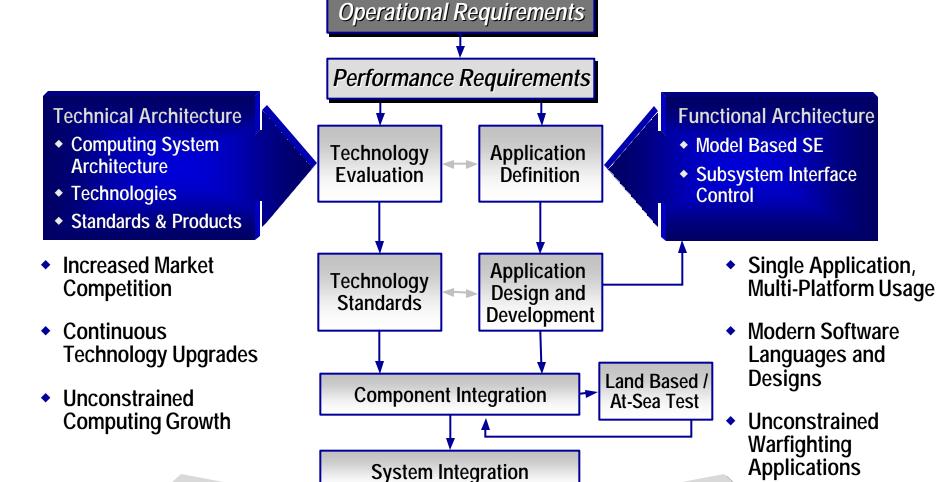
SPY, WCS and ADS OA Compliant in 08

CG / DDG OA Spiral Development Schedule ... 3/19 Approved Plan



OA RTIP Process





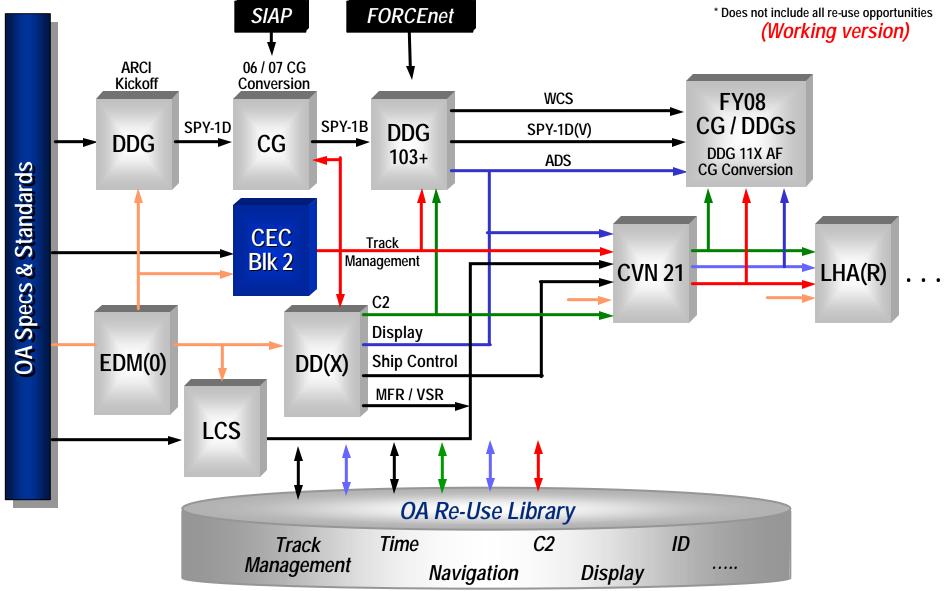
Fleet Introduction

Feedback

Reedback

OA Roadmap for IWS Programs





Big Navy Organizational Relationships





- PEO Integrated Warfare
- PEO Littoral and Mine Warfare
- PEO Ships
- PEO Submarines
- PEO Aircraft Carriers



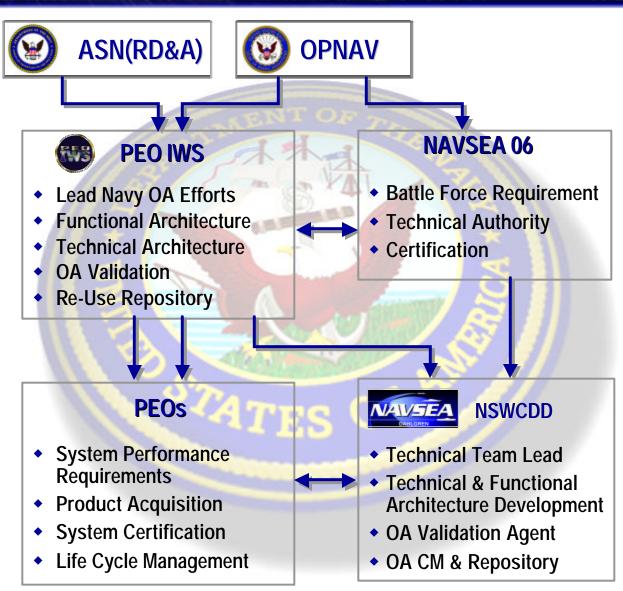
SPAWAR

- PEO Information Technology
- PEO C4I and Space



- PEO Tactical Air **Programs**
- PEO Air ASW, Assault and Special Mission **Programs**
- **PEO Strike Weapons** and Unmanned Aviation





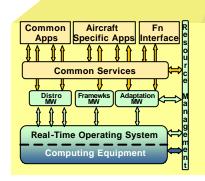
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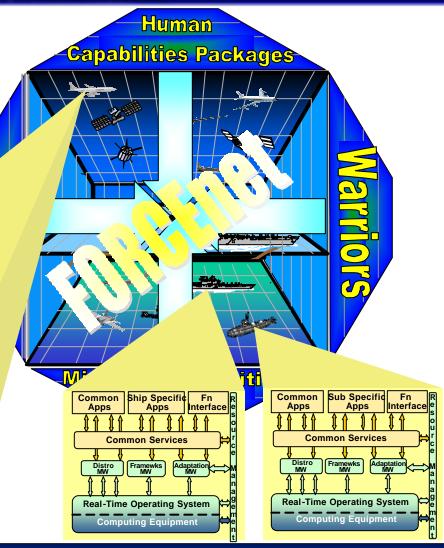
Open Architecture and FORCEnet



- Network Centric Warfare Warfighting Enabler
- FORCEnet is the Architectural Framework
- Open Architecture (OA) is the Computational Underpinning

Open Architectures
Required to Realize
FORCEnet in Both
Cost and
Performance





Joint Binding Standards / Protocols Ensure Interoperability

Steps Already Taken



Policy

- ✓ Froze AEGIS and SSDS Future Upgrades to Sponsor Approved Requirements Only
- Rewrote CEC Blk II RFP to Include Requirement for an OA-Based Solution
- ✓ Released Interim Documents That Provide OA Specifications, Standards and Design Guidance
- Signed Cooperative MOAs With SPAWAR, SIAP and Ships
- Promulgated OA Contract Policy for All New Acquisition

Programmatic

- Stopped AEGIS B/L7p2 AEGIS OA Solution Too Narrowly Focused
- Redirected DD(X) From Vendor-WCK TSCE Solution
- Established OA Rapid Technology Insertion Program ("ARCI-like")
- Realigning Budgets to Support OA in PR05 and POM 06

Organizational Alignment

- Established PEO IWS OA Directorate
- ✓ Established OA Organization With Big Navy Involvement (ASN(RDA), OPNAV, SEA 06, Other PEOs, Field Activities)
- ✓ Significant Interaction With Fleet, Type Commanders, Systems Commands, Industry and Field Activities

Technical Alignment

- Discussions With OPNAV N61 Regarding Alignment of OA With FORCEnet
- ✓ NAVSEA 06 Assigned OA Technical Authority
- ✓ NSWCDD Designated OA Technical Team Leader
- ✓ Government / Industry Technical IPTs

Summary



- Today's Fleet Computing Architectures are Performance Limited and Expensive to Upgrade
- Implementation of Warfighting Functions Using Standard Based Solutions Will Enable Common, Interoperable Capabilities to be Fielded Faster at Reduced Cost
- Rapid Technology Insertion Program (RTIP) Will Provide Structural Approach for Introduction of OA Components into the Fleet